HEIDE FASNACHT
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May 17 - August 30
2015
ABOUT
SUSPECT TERRAIN
Suspect Terrain at Socrates Sculpture Park draws upon the park’s distinctive urban green-space to detail the creation and aftermath of a devastating sinkhole. Devised by artist Heide Fasnacht as a public intervention in the landscape, the installation forms new connections between the social, scientific, and artificial.

In Fasnacht’s vision, the particularities and fragmentations of destruction are detailed in painted plywood, a stand-in for the cement, asphalt, and rock substrate that the sculpture maps. Spanning fifty feet and elevated off of the ground by a chaotic arrangement of wooden stilts, Suspect Terrain allows the viewer to experience this frozen moment of undoing at an intimate eye-level.

Fasnacht’s surface was inspired by striking media coverage and documentation of massive sinkholes, including the 26’ wide by 52’ deep pit created in the Shenzhen region of China in 2013 and the 2010 occurrence in Guatemala City, Guatemala, which spanned sixty feet wide and approximately thirty stories deep. By sculpturally depicting these devastating geological occurrences, Fasnacht turns the relationship between
event and documentation into a personal and precarious action.

Since the late 1990’s, Heide Fasnacht’s work has explored shifting states of matter, ranging from exploding buildings (pre-9/11) to damaged artworks in wartime, to the present iteration: the consequences of crater formation.

For Fasnacht, destruction is the impetus for building. As the artist states:

Above: Source image of sinkhole in Guatemala City
“I take the collapse as a plan to reconstruct in however fractured a fashion. These become objects of reflection on the instability we now all live with, on the flux of life, and the ability to create nonetheless.”

Fasnacht’s title references John McPhee’s *In Suspect Terrain* (Farrar, Straus and Giroux; 1st edition, 1983), which offers a narrative of the earth through the geological lens of plate tectonics. In alluding to McPhee, Fasnacht extends the artwork beyond a single moment of disas-
trous collapse and towards larger questions of authenticity and security. Each unsettling fracture and broken facet questions the assumed stability of the built environment, including the park itself. At the bottom of Fasnacht’s sinkhole lies a house half-submerged in a pool of illusionistic water, an allegory using the language of geological events to unearth the park’s unique history as an illegal dumpsite and landfill.

*Suspect Terrain* was on view from May 17 through August 30 2015 at Socrates Sculpture Park, New York.
Suspect Terrain\textsuperscript{1} nests on the street side of Socrates Sculpture Park, as far as possible from the waters of the East River. Yet the threat it evokes does not come from the water, even if the park itself is a very fragile site, floating on infill land subtracted from the river and subject to floods, and straddling the man-defined boundaries between Astoria and Long Island City, Queens. We are not far from a broken line ("Brooklyn") of glacial movements, but this terrain is an artificial deposit where glacial sediments transported from as far as Canada are mixed with man-made rubble. Nothing is autochthonous here. The park is a site of deposits that welcomes stranded flotsam, and it now instigates the seasonal occupation by art installations and public events. Here sits Heide Fasnacht’s piece, both sheltered and exposed, artificial on the artificial, a painted plywood reconstruction of a sinkhole in which a quintessential house is half engulfed.

Man-made is most likely the accident that Suspect Terrain evokes, in a quiet tension that tricks

\footnote{The work takes its title from John McPhee’s book \textit{In Suspect Terrain} (New York: Farrar, Straus & Giroux, 1984), a narrative on the effect of plate tectonics on the making of the American North East.}
the eye as well as the foot. The light structure of the work sits like a broken eggshell, erected and apparently held together by the sinking house that, drawing it into an illusory depth, keeps it from shattering down on the ground. Too big to be a doll’s house and too small to be used in any way by humans, the house at the center of this puzzle remains impenetrable, even the openings in its surfaces only suggested by an optical black and white. Is this midsize house really sinking? Broken patterns of raster dots painted on plywood and raised broken panels surround the sinkhole, making it difficult to distinguish what is
flat surface and what is depth, while the relationship with the ground remains ambiguous.

*Suspect Terrain* intentionally does not dig into the ground, even if it may look as if it were sinking. It is not a hole. It sits lightly on the ground, its pull into a possible depth entirely illusory, a graphic artifice on a safe flat platform. Yet, the tensioned relations that are intrinsic to the piece are doubled by its precarious and ambiguous relationship with the terrain. Could this three-dimensional representation (the sculpture in the park) of a bi-dimensional representation of a sinkhole (the newspaper photograph from which Fasnacht worked) actually sink into the ground, that is, physically engage with movement and become four-dimensional, thus ultimately completing and undoing the artwork?

While the possibility of the physical accident exists, albeit remote, it remains conceptually impossible, as an intellectual surface of separation much more robust than its plywood floor lies between the work and the land underneath. This ground is not a concrete screed gallery floor, but an equally artificial, uneven and compacted
terrain, and *Suspect Terrain* might indeed sink into the park. And yet it does not, its depth only simulated by the vertiginous black dotting on the white surfaces. And while we can step inside this work and walk on it, we realize more and more that this physical space is indeed a representation of suspended time.

The space of *Suspect Terrain* is an image of an image of a space in a specific moment in time, but it is far from settled or from being an aftermath. The underground cavity and structural collapse it only suggests, is in fact a dynamic and unknown event whose full extent remains invisible. The momentary stasis of the representation belongs only to its image, not to its space. Contrary to the frozen deflagrations of Fasnacht’s earlier works, here we don’t know what might happen next. Is this work performing the climax of this event, or its denouement? Has it come to rest? Or will the house find its buoyancy and rest suspended?

Heide Fasnacht’s early works concentrated on those nearly ungraspable thresholds of deflagration that are suspended between the burst of the
explosion and the moment of the fallout when gravity ultimately prevails and the denouement of the phenomenon becomes in a way predictable for the observer. Edward Albee has observed that Heide Fasnacht’s work “has always been about time – early, the tension of materials wanting release”, then in the early 2000s “the capture of the released at a moment never to be repeated.” Fasnacht’s work “‘freezes’ that which cannot really be captured, is, in itself, an event which can never be recaptured, for it is already past that which we experience.” Writing in 2004, Albee wonders where Fasnacht’s work might go next, and Suspect Terrain indeed provides the answer.

After the sudden explosions of erupting volcanoes (1997 and 1999), the burst of sneezes (Sneeze, 1997, 2001, 2004), scored building demolitions (Hotel Demolition, 2000 and 2001, and Demo, 2001) and airplanes blown up in flight (Exploding Airplane, 2000), all frozen in Fasnacht’s images and sculptures, Suspect Terrain

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Above: *Demo*, 2000, Polychromed Neoprene, Styrofoam, 112” x 125” 120”
Above: *Exploding Plane*, 2000, Graphite Acrylic over Neoprene, Dimensions Variable (approx 20’ sq)
dilates time into a suspended sinking which condenses material in a slow centripetal implosion as the terrain swallows the house. Here we no longer witness the expansion of a deflagration in the air, but the tension between opposing forces – densification and gravity – and material states – solid versus hollow ground.

Slow time had already featured in Fasnacht’s earlier works like *Rain on Window* (2001-02), or in the mysterious *Precipitation* (2002-03), which transformed water condensation in a magic suspended field of polyurethane stalactites and stalagmites. *Suspect Terrain* continues this process of slowing-down and tensioning-in, while articulating and complicating its relation with the ground (the rubble infill) and with the site (the sculpture park).

*Suspect Terrain* is no earthwork, yet it plays with the slow dynamics of tectonic plates and their man-made surface alterations. Inserted in a cyclical dynamic of emergence and subsidence the event that it portrays is the paroxysmal expression of the fact that the earth moves and is far from solid and still.
Above: *Blast*, 1997-1998, Graphite on Paper, 22” x 30”

Below: *Sneeze I*, 1997, Philadelphia Museum, Graphite on Paper, 40” x 60”
The model house of *Suspect Terrain* could indeed completely and quickly disappear as if in quicksand, or, although more unlikely, it could surge back up again. Abstracted from life, cleared of human traces, belongings and clues of identification, the house becomes nobody’s and everybody’s. Removed here are the onlookers of the original photograph, and we are now them, tricked by the dizzying patterns of the black raster dots arranged to suggest both depth and movement. Time is not frozen, but both dilated and suspended at once, in a way that breaks the sequencing of events and the commensurability of chronological time. Here we do not know what we might expect to happen next. What is exposed and vulnerable in this work is ultimately us, viewers who can walk in and onto the work but remain spectators of the unpredictable.

-- Teresa Stoppani
ABOUT
HEIDE FASNACHT has shown an abiding interest in states of instability, uncertainty, damage, re-growth, and fracturing of materiality. These concepts have been explored through drawings, large-scale sculptures, photo-based work, and prints. Historical occurrences (wars & iconoclasm) and geological processes (earthquakes & explosions) show matter in action – shifting events. Deforming and reforming reveals fissures: damage and contortions on the landscape, in culture, in the built environment. Fasnacht’s process reflects these shifting events in both content and process. Her works have most recently been on view at Preview Berlin, Qbox Gallery and Art Athina in Athens Greece, Kent Gallery, Smack Mellon, and the American Academy of Arts & Letters in NYC.

Since her first one-person show at P.S.1 in 1979, Fasnacht has exhibited worldwide. She has been in exhibitions at MOMA, The Aldrich Museum for Contemporary Art, RAM Galerie, Rotterdam, Galeria Trama in Barcelona, The Worcester Art Museum and many others. She is in many permanent collections including: the MFA Boston, the Philadelphia Museum of Art, the
Fogg Art Museum at Harvard University, The Walker Art Center and the Yale University Art Gallery. Fasnacht is also the recipient of numerous awards, including The Guggenheim Fellowship, several National Endowment for the Arts, New York Foundaion for the Arts, The Gottlieb Foundation Grant, and two Pollock-Krasner Foundation Fellowships. She has taught at Harvard, Princeton, UPenn, UCLA, and others. Further visiting lectures include Yale, The Whitney Museum, RISD and VCU.

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TERESA STOPPANI is an architectural theorist and critic. She has taught architectural design and theory at the IUAV in Venice, the Architectural Association in London, the University of Greenwich, RMIT University in Melbourne, the University of Technology of Sydney, and the University of Brighton. She is a Professor of Architecture, Head of the Leeds School of Architecture, and Director of the PhD in Architecture programme at Leeds Beckett University. In addition, Stoppani is Adjunct Professor of Architectural History and Theory at University of Technology, Sydney. Stoppani is member of the editorial boards of the EAHN journal Architectural Histories and of the Cambridge Scholars book series Three Crosses: Art, Architecture, Criticism, a contributing editor of Ultima Thule: Journal of Architectural Imagination, and member of the Architectural Humanities Research Association steering group.

Stoppani’s research focuses on the relationship between architecture theory and the design process in the urban environment, and the influence on the specifically architectural of other spatial and critical practices.
SOCRATES SCULPTURE PARK is the only site in the New York Metropolitan area specifically dedicated to providing artists with opportunities to create and exhibit large-scale sculpture and multi-media installations in a unique outdoor environment that encourages strong interaction between artists, artworks and the public. The park’s existence is based on the belief that reclamation, revitalization, and creative expression are essential to the survival, humanity, and improvement of our urban environment.

Founded in 1986, Socrates is celebrating 29 years of exhibitions and programming. During this period, the park has been host to over 1,000 artists facilitating the production and exhibition of outdoor artworks and performances.

socratessculpturepark.org
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